## The Planets Suite (Week 4)

## Gustav Holst 1874 – 1934

### <u>Week 4 - Venus</u> (Gustav Holst, The Planets Suite)

- This week (Week 4), we will listen to '<u>Venus</u>' from 'The Planets Suite' (by Gustav Holst).
- Slides 3-13 provide information about the life of Gustav Holst. If you have read this already, go straight to Slide 14.
- Slides 14-21 provide information about the 'Venus' movement.

- Gustav Holst was an English composer and music teacher for over 20 years.
- Most of the music he composed was original, but he had influences from Hindu spiritualism and English folk tunes.



 Gustav Holst was born in Cheltenham, England on the 21<sup>st</sup> September 1874.



Statue of Holst in his home town.



-Justan Holst

Holst was born into a very musical family. His grandfather was a harp composer and teacher; his father was an organist, pianist and choirmaster, and his mother was a singer.



**Gustavus von Holst** 



Adolf Holst



Clara Holst

#### As a child, Gustav was taught the piano and violin.



This is Holst's piano. You can see it in the Holst Birthplace Museum. He composed The Planets on this piano.

#### This is Holst playing the violin.



Gustav was a sickly child. His eyes were weak, but no-one realised that he needed to wear glasses.

His chest was weak and he suffered from asthma. When he was young, Gustav hated playing the violin, but enjoyed playing the piano.



Unfortunately, Holst also had pain in his hands, so it made practising the piano very difficult and painful.

After leaving school, he got his first job as an organist and choirmaster.



He became a student at the Royal College of Music, where he studied composition.

Unfortunately, the pain in his right hand became worse. Playing for a long time was impossible and he had to accept that he would never be a professional concert pianist.

Holst decided to take up the trombone. It would allow him to play in orchestras, and he could earn some money. Also, the experience would be useful to him as a composer. Perhaps, he thought that playing the trombone would help to strengthen his chest and lungs.

- Holst wrote The Planets Suite between 1914 and 1916.
- Each of the seven movements is named after a planet of the Solar System and its corresponding astrological character.



- 1. Mars the Bringer of War
- 2. Venus the Bringer of Peace
- 3. Mercury the Winged Messenger
- 4. Jupiter the Bringer of Jollity
- 5. Saturn the Bringer of Old Age
- 6. Uranus the Magician
- 7. Neptune the Mystic



Holst did not compose a piece of music about Pluto, as Pluto was not discovered until 1930.

Colin Matthews, a recent composer created a piece of music called <u>Pluto: the Renewer</u>. This is sometimes played alongside Holst's Planet Suite in concerts. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W3Mcn3zo5C0





The Bringer of Peace (Week 4)

## Learning what timbre is

# Venus was the Roman goddess of love and beauty.





<u>Watch video clip:</u> <u>Watch Venus here</u> While you listen, draw a picture of how the music makes you feel.

(Later on, if you would like to, use the separate "Recording Sheet" to write about this music in detail.)

Venus was written to be the opposite to the music of Mars.

Mars used very loud instruments such as con legno strings and brass. He therefore chose different instruments for Venus.

- The timbre in music is the distinctive quality of a sound or instrument. This is why you can sometimes recognise certain instruments in a piece of music.
- Holst decided that Venus should have a peaceful and soft timbre, in contrast to the harsh booming timbre of Mars.

- Holst chose a celesta to be the main instrument in this piece.
- The celesta looks similar to an upright piano or a large wooden music box.
- The keys are connected to hammers which strike a graduated set of metal plates, which are suspended over wooden resonators.



- The sound of the celesta is similar to that of a glockenspiel, but it has a much softer and more subtle timbre.
- This quality gave the instrument its name. Celeste in French means 'heavenly'.



- Sometimes, people refer to timbre as the 'colour' of the music.
- Listen to a bit of the music again with your eyes shut.
- What colour does it make you think of? Why?
- Which colours do you associate with peace?